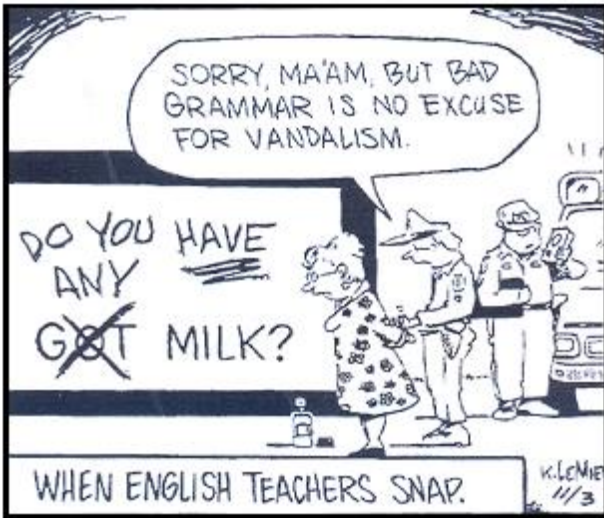


EXERCICIOS



GLOSSARY

snap – perder o controle, não se conter

Reading the cartoon leads to the conclusion that the police officer arrested the English teacher, because

- he didn't know English grammar.
- she wrote the question wrong.
- the grammar was not correct.
- vandalism is not allowed.

2)

The sun and the moon

- The sun is a star. It's a ball of fire. The moon is rocky and hard. It's not hot. The sun sends out light, but the moon doesn't. In fact, the moon reflects the light. The moon is about 240.000 miles away from us; the sun is
- 93 million miles; that's why the moon looks **almost** as large as the sun.

GLOSSARY

send out – produzir

According to the text, we can infer that

- the moon and the sun are the same size.
- the moon is smaller than the sun.
- the sun is smaller than the moon.
- the moon and the sun are small.

3) **Don't drink and ride**

Alcohol can increase your risk of being hurt in a car accident, even if you aren't behind the wheel. A new University of Michigan study reports that men who have been drinking are 50 percent more likely to experience a serious injury during a car accident than sober passengers.

According to the text, all the alternatives are correct, **except**:

- Based on a study, men who have been drinking will probably be hurt in an accident.
- Drunk passengers suffer more injuries than those who don't drink anything.
- The risk of being hurt in a car accident is higher when you drink alcohol.
- Only the drivers can suffer injuries in a car accident.

4)

The Goose and the Golden egg

- There was once _____ Countryman who possessed the most wonderful Goose you can imagine, for every day when he visited the nest, the Goose had laid a beautiful, glittering, Golden egg.
- The Countryman took the eggs to the market and soon began to get rich. But he grew impatient with _____ Goose because she gave him only a single Golden egg a day. He was not getting rich fast enough.
- Then one day, after he had finished counting his money, he thought that he could get all the Golden eggs **at once** by killing the Goose and cutting it open. But when he killed her, he didn't find a single Golden egg and his precious Goose was dead.

(Adapted from "The Goose and the Golden egg")

GLOSSARY

nest – ninho
glittering – brilhante

Based on the text,

- after some time the Countryman sold the Goose at the market.
- the Countryman killed his Goose because of his greed.
- the Countryman found many eggs inside the Goose.
- the Goose laid eggs once a week.

Read the text to answer the questions below.

Located within the Indigenous Nations Park, the MARCO offers permanent and temporary works by modern and contemporary visual artists. Its collection originates in 1979, in the former State Pinacoteca, enriched later by spontaneous donations of artists, private collectors and cultural institutions. It currently consists of approximately 1,600 works in various artistic modalities, including a significant set of works that record the course of visual arts in Mato Grosso do Sul, from the beginning to the present day.

(FONTE: Disponível em: <<http://www.visitms.com.br/en/atrativo/425>>. Acesso em: 4 nov. 2019).

5) According to the text, choose the correct alternative that answers: what are the adjectives in these sentences?

"Its collection originates in 1979, in the former State Pinacoteca, enriched later by spontaneous donations of artists, private collectors and cultural institutions. It currently consists of approximately 1,600 works in various artistic modalities, including a significant set of works that record the course of visual arts in Mato Grosso do Sul, from the beginning to the present day."

- a) Coleção; inicial; doações; artistas; trabalha; várias.
- b) Origina; estado; enriquecido; consiste; modalidades; presente.
- c) Espontâneo; particulares; culturais; artísticas; significante; visuais.
- d) Curso; visuais; início; presente; dia; Pinacoteca.
- e) Estado; posteriormente; doações; particulares; instituições; registram.

TEXTO PARA A PRÓXIMA QUESTÃO:

Read the text to answer the question(s) below.

On Earth, something is always burning. Wildfires are started by lightning or accidentally by people, and people use controlled fires to manage farmland and pasture and clear natural vegetation for farmland. Fires can generate large amounts of smoke pollution, release greenhouse gases, and unintentionally degrade ecosystems. But fires can also clear away dead and dying underbrush, which can help restore an ecosystem to good health. In many ecosystems, including boreal forests and grasslands, plants have coevolved with fire and require periodic burning to reproduce.

Some of the global patterns that appear in the fire maps over time are the result of natural cycles of rainfall, dryness, and lightning. For example, naturally occurring fires are common in the boreal forests of Canada in the summer. In other parts of the world, the patterns are the result of human activity. For example, the intense burning in the heart of South America from August-October is a result of human-triggered fires, both intentional and accidental, in the Amazon Rainforest and the Cerrado (a grassland/savanna ecosystem) to the south. Across Africa, a band of widespread agricultural burning sweeps north to south over the continent as the dry season progresses each year. Agricultural burning occurs in late winter and early spring each year across Southeast Asia

(Fonte: Adaptado. Disponível em: <https://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/globalmaps/MOD14A1_M_FIRE>. Acesso em: 14 nov. 2019).

6) Considering the sentence:

“On Earth, something is always burning. Wildfires are started by lightning or accidentally by people, and people use controlled fires to manage farmland and pasture and clear natural vegetation for farmland. Fires can generate large amounts of smoke pollution, release greenhouse gases, and unintentionally degrade ecosystems. But fires can also clear away dead and dying underbrush, which can help restore an ecosystem to good health,” from the text, choose the correct alternative.

The underlined words are ..., respectively,

- a) a preposition and an interjection.
- b) an adverb and a conjunction.
- c) a conjunction and a preposition.
- d) a verb and a noun.
- e) a conjunction and an adjective.

was 6 p.m. and I had invited my friends to visit at 6:30 p.m.

I hastily rushed to the car park with all of my shopping and threw it in the boot. Suddenly I notice that the cars were moving really **slowly** out of the car park and there was a bit of traffic jam. It was past 6:30 p.m.

_____ I arrived home and I was extremely worried. As I drove into my drive I smiled **happily** when I saw my friends sitting in my front garden. Luckily they had realized I was stuck at the shops and they waited for me.

Fonte: www.bbc.co.uk/skillswise

7) Choose the alternative that best completes the text.

- a) when / where / when
- b) which / how / where
- c) where / was / whose
- d) when / how / when

TEXTO PARA A PRÓXIMA QUESTÃO:

Read the text and answer question(s).

It was a beautiful summer afternoon with the sun shining brightly. I **excitedly** phoned my friends asking them to come over later for a barbecue.

After making the calls I **quickly** drove into town to buy some food and drink.

_____ I arrived at the shops I was very surprised at _____ busy it was. Everyone must have been shopping for a barbecue!

The first butchers I visited had completely run out of sausages. The next shop had some left so I happily bought some. After visiting a few more shops I had finally finished my shopping. But I was starting to worry as it

TEXTO PARA A PRÓXIMA QUESTÃO:

Examine a tira para responder à(s) questão(ões) a seguir.



(<http://roadapplesalmanac.com>, Adaptado.)

8) No trecho do terceiro quadrinho “We’re not **that** dumb!”, o termo em destaque pode ser substituído, sem alteração de sentido, por

a) so.

() No, I'm not.

b) which.

c) over.

Choose the option with the correct order.

d) more.

a) 3 - 2 - 4 - 1

e) quite.

b) 1 - 2 - 4 - 3

c) 3 - 4 - 2 - 1

9) Complete the dialogue using the right form of the adjectives.

d) 1 - 4 - 2 - 3

e) 1 - 4 - 3 - 2

A: Would you like to go to the beach on Friday?

B: Actually, I think Saturday is _____ for me. Friday is my _____ day.

11) Select the correct alternative according to the extract below.

Choose the item that respectively completes the gaps.

a) the best / busier

b) better / busiest

c) good / the most busiest

d) best / the busiest

e) good / the busier

Pan Pacific is a five stars hotel in Yokohama. It has 485 rooms, 25 floors and it's 100 km far from the airport. If you want to save money during your stay in the Japanese city, you may want to stay at the Grand Hotel. With 31 floors, it offers 600 rooms and is 106 km from the airport.

a) The Grand is as big as the Pan Pacific Hotel.

b) The Grand is higher than the Pan Pacific Hotel.

c) The Grand is less expensive than Pan Pacific Hotel.

d) The Grand is closer to the airport than Pan Pacific Hotel.

10) Match the questions to the answers.

1. Are you on vacation?

2. Where's she from?

3. Are you and Ana married?

4. Is Julian Italian?

() Yes, we are.

() She's from Italy.

() No, she isn't.

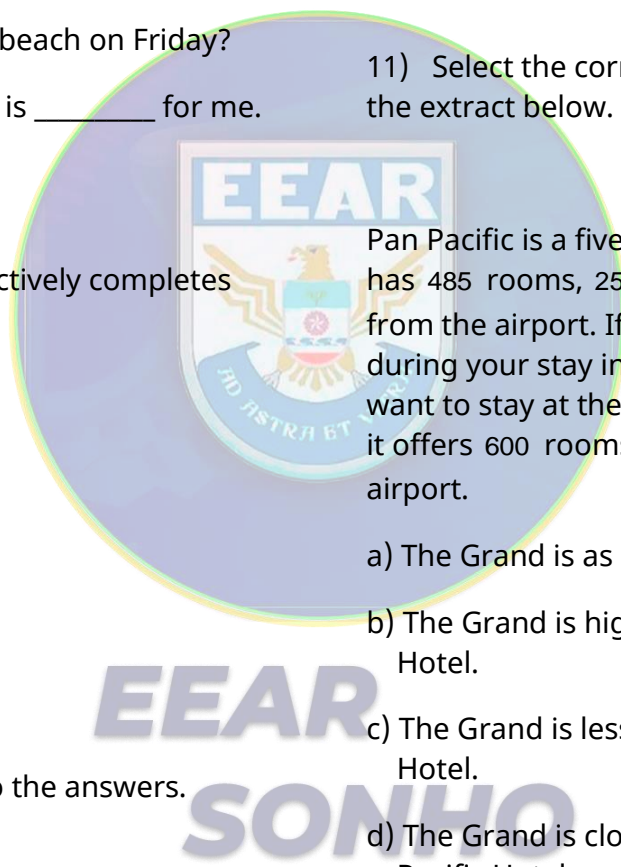
12) In the sentence "Maria learns **fast**", the word "fast", in bold type, is

a) a noun

b) an article

c) an adverb

d) an adjective



A alternativa [D] está correta, pois completa corretamente as lacunas. Tradução dos trechos: “**Quando** eu cheguei às lojas, fiquei surpreso em ver **o quão** cheias elas estavam” e “Era mais de 6:30 da noite **quando** eu cheguei em casa e fiquei extremamente preocupado”.

Resposta da questão 8:

[A]

O termo em destaque é um *advérbio de intensidade*, podendo assim ser trocado por *so*. Tradução: "Nós não somos tão burros"!

GABARITO

1 - D

2 - B

3 - D

4 - B

Resposta da questão 5:

[C]

A alternativa [C] está correta, pois é a única que possui apenas **adjetivos**.

Resposta da questão 6:

[B]

As palavras em destaque são, respectivamente, um advérbio de modo (*acidentalmente*) e uma conjunção aditiva (*e*).

Resposta da questão 7:

[D]

Resposta da questão 9:

[B]

A alternativa [B] está correta, pois possui respectivamente as formas corretas do comparativo de *good* (*better*) e do superlativo de *busy* (*busiest*).

Tradução do trecho:

A: Você gostaria de ir para a praia na sexta-feira?

B: Na verdade, eu acho que sábado é **melhor** para mim. Sexta-feira é o dia em que estou **mais ocupado**.

Resposta da questão 10:

[A]

A alternativa [A] está correta, pois possui a correspondência correta entre perguntas e respostas.

Are you on vacation? (Você está de férias?)

No, I'm not. (Não, não estou)

Where's she from? (De onde ela é?)

She's from Italy. (Ela é a da Itália)

Are you and Ana married? (Você e Ana são casados?)

Yes, we are. (Sim, nós somos).

Is Julian Italian? (A Julian é italiana?)

No, she isn't (Não, ela não é)

Resposta da questão 11:
ANULADA

Questão anulada no gabarito oficial.

A alternativa [A] está errada, pois afirma que o Grand Hotel é tão grande quanto o Pan Pacific. Na verdade, o Grand possui mais quartos.

A alternativa [B] está correta, pois afirma que o Grand é mais alto do que o Pan Pacific. O Grand possui 31 andares, ao passo que o Pan Pacific 25.

A alternativa [C] está correta, pois afirma que o Grand é mais barato do que o Pan Pacific. O texto diz que "se você quer economizar dinheiro durante sua estadia nessa cidade japonesa, talvez você queira ficar no Grand Hotel".

A alternativa [D] está errada, pois afirma que o Grand é mais próximo do aeroporto do que o Pacific. O primeiro fica a 106 km do aeroporto, ao passo que o último fica 100 km.

Resposta da questão 12:

[C]

A palavra *fast* funciona como advérbio (*rapidamente*). Tradução do trecho: "Maria aprende **rapidamente**".



EEAR
SONHO